

ORIGINAL

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA

SAVANNAH DIVISION

FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
SAVANNAH DIV.

2003 JUL 21 PM 4:19

CLERK
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA

ALAN MAINOR,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. CV403-131

CHATHAM COUNTY DETENTION

CENTER PERSONNEL, et al.,

PRISON HEALTH SERVICES,

Defendants.

ORDER

Plaintiff, an inmate at Chatham County Detention Center in Savannah, Georgia, has submitted to the Court for filing a complaint brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff seeks to proceed *in forma pauperis*. After reviewing plaintiff's application, it appears that the plaintiff lacks sufficient resources to prepay the filing fee. Accordingly, the Court **GRANTS** plaintiff leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*.

Plaintiff is hereby advised that the procedures for filing and litigating prisoner civil rights suits in federal court were significantly changed by the Prison Litigation Reform Act, Pub. L. No. 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321, enacted on April 26, 1996. The Act requires all prisoners, even those who are

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allowed to proceed *in forma pauperis*, to pay the full filing fee of \$150.00. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). Prisoner litigants allowed to proceed *in forma pauperis* must pay an initial partial filing fee of 20 percent of the greater of the average monthly deposits to, or average monthly balance in, the prisoner's account for the 6-month period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint. Prison officials are then required to collect the balance of the filing fee by deducting 20 percent of the preceding month's income credited to the prisoner's account. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(2). This payment shall be forwarded to the Clerk of Court "each time the amount in plaintiff's account exceeds \$10 until the full filing fees are paid." *Id.* The entire filing fee must be paid even if the suit is dismissed at the outset because it is frivolous, malicious, fails to state a claim, or seeks monetary damages against a defendant who is immune from such relief.

In addition to requiring payment of the full filing fee, the Act now requires prisoners to exhaust all administrative remedies before challenging "prison conditions" in a civil action. 42 U.S.C. § 1997e; see 18 U.S.C. § 3626(g)(2). All prisoner civil rights actions filed after April 26, 1996 are subject to dismissal if the prisoner has not exhausted the available

administrative remedies with respect to each claim asserted. Moreover, even if the complaint is dismissed for failure to exhaust, the prisoner will still be responsible for payment of the full filing fee.

The new law also provides that a prisoner cannot bring a new civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action *in forma pauperis* if the prisoner has on three or more prior occasions, while incarcerated, brought a civil action or appeal in federal court that was dismissed because it was frivolous, malicious, or failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. The only exception to this “three strikes” rule is if the prisoner is in “imminent danger of serious physical injury.” 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

Because of these changes in the law, the court will give plaintiff an opportunity, at this time, to voluntarily dismiss the complaint pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(1). Such a voluntary dismissal will not require plaintiff to pay the filing fee or count as a dismissal which may later subject plaintiff to the three-dismissal rule under section 1915(g).

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

(1) Plaintiff must furnish the enclosed **Prisoner Trust Fund Account Statement** to the trust (financial) officer of each prison

where he has been confined for the past six months. The trust officer will complete and sign the form and return the form and supporting documents to plaintiff for submission to the Court. Two copies of the form are enclosed for this purpose.

(2) Plaintiff must sign and date the enclosed **Consent to Collection of Fees from Trust Account**. By signing this form, plaintiff gives his consent to the collection of the entire filing fee from his prison account in installments, in accordance with the provisions of the Prison Litigation Reform Act.

(3) Plaintiff must return both the **Prisoner Trust Account Statement** and the **Consent to Collection of Fees from Trust Account** to the Clerk within thirty days of this Order.

Once plaintiff has complied with the conditions of this Order, the Court will review plaintiff's complaint to determine which, if any, claims are viable and which, if any, defendants should be served with a copy of the complaint. If no response is timely received from plaintiff, the Court will presume that plaintiff desires to have this case voluntarily dismissed and will dismiss this action without prejudice.

Failure to comply with this order by August 22, 2003 shall result in the dismissal of plaintiff's case, without prejudice.

SO ORDERED this 21st day of July, 2003.


UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA

United States District Court
Southern District of Georgia

Robert Crain
_____)

vs)

Coastal State Prison
_____)

CASE NUMBER CV403-118

DIVISION SAVANNAH

The undersigned, a regularly appointed and qualified deputy in the office of the Clerk of this district, while conducting the business of the Court for said division, does hereby certify the following:

1. Pursuant to the instructions from the Court and in the performance of my official duties, I personally placed in the United States Mail a sealed envelope, and properly addressed to each of the persons, parties or attorneys named below; and
2. That the aforementioned enveloped contained a copy of the document dated 7/21/03, which is part of the official record of this case.

Date of Mailing: 7/21/03

Date of Certificate ☒ same date, or _____

Scott L. Poff, Clerk

By: Walker Prescott
Deputy Clerk

Name and Address

Alan Mainor Chatham County Detention Center 1050 Carl Griffin Drive Savannah, Ga. 31405

- ☒ Copy placed in Minutes
☐ Copy given to Judge
☒ Copy given to Magistrate